### FAITH-BASED PREPAREDNESS





Mark Kraft May 15, 2019

**Conferences for Catholic Facility Management (CCFM)** 

Minneapolis, Minnesota

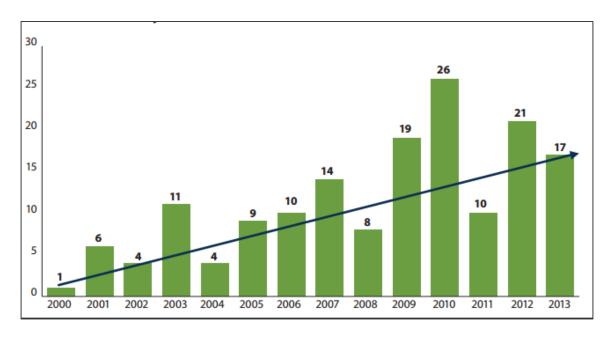
### Welcome and Introductions

#### Active Shooter Preparedness Program Lead

# Flora McKnight Flora.McKnight@hq.dhs.gov



### **Active Shooter Trends**



FBI reports 20 incidents in each year, 2014 and 2015

Attacks are increasing

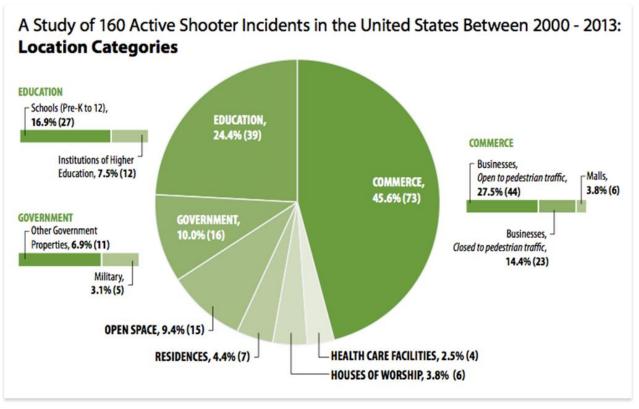
-6.4 incidents annual average from 2000 - 2006

■16.4 incidents annual average from 2007 – 2013



FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin. Active Shooter Events from 2000 to 2013, Active Shooter Incidents in the United

### Incident Location Categories



FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin. Active Shooter Events from 2000 to 2013, Active Shooter Incidents in the United States in 2014 and 2015

- Commerce
   45.6 %
- Education 24.4 %
- Government/Military 10.0%
- Houses of Worship 3.8 %
- Healthcare 2.5%



# Form the Planning Team

#### Include internal and external partners

- Operations Managers
- Human Resources or Personnel
- Risk, Security, and Safety Directors
- General Counsel
- Maintenance or facilities director
- Law Enforcement, Fire, and EMS
- Landlord and neighboring tenants or businesses

#### An effective team includes

- Senior leadership
- Persons with disabilities
- Personnel who execute the plan

An effective team will include elements of an organization's leadership and the personnel who will execute the plan.



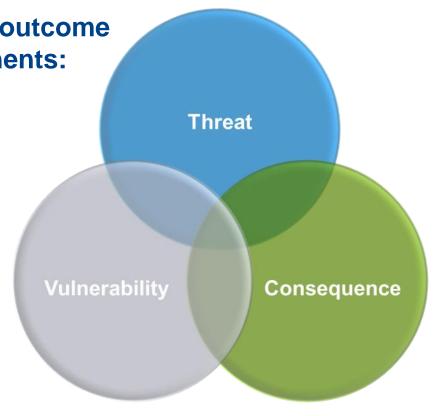
# Risk Analysis as a Planning Tool

Risk is the potential for an unwanted outcome from an incident; it has three components:

- Threat
- Vulnerability
- Consequence

#### Assessing risk will help you:

- Understand your situation
- Prioritize actions
- Identify and compare options
- Allocate resources





The DHS Threat and Hazard Identification and Risk

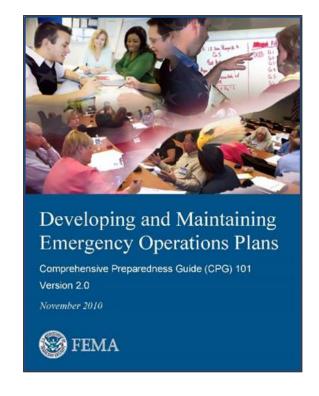
Assessment Guide can help guide you through the risk

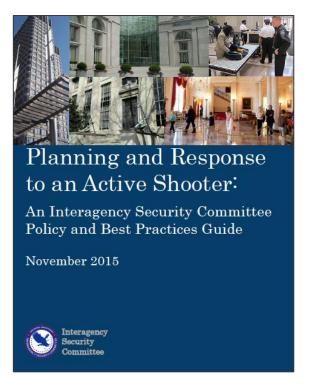
assessment process

### Active Shooter Preparedness Plan

#### A preparedness plan typically will address five areas:

- Prevention
- Protection
- Mitigation
- Response
- Recovery







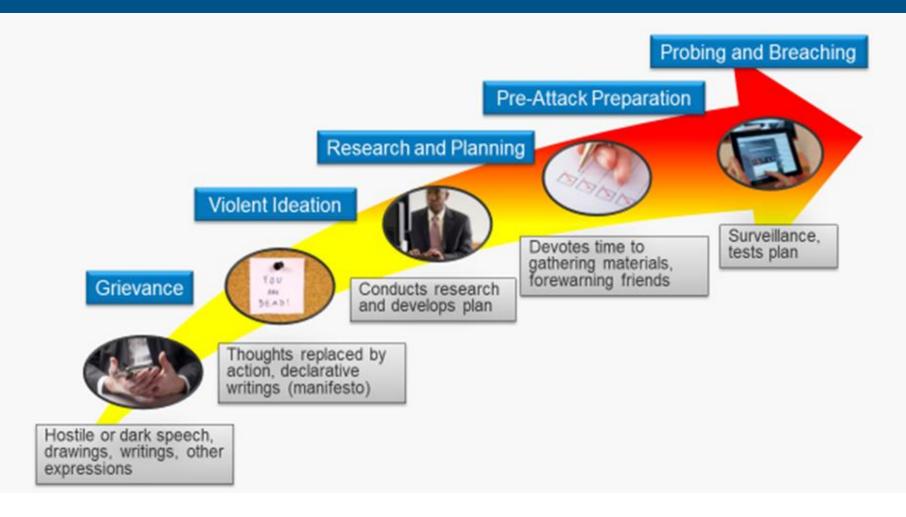
### Preventing the Next Active Shooter

- Train employees to recognize behaviors on the <u>pathway to violence</u>
- Instill a positive culture for reporting
- Develop intervention capabilities

**Awareness + Action = Prevention** 



### Pathway to Violence





### **Prevention Tools**

Pre-employment background checks and drug tests

Train staff on behavioral signs and impact of workplace violence

Policy for violence and weapons in the workplace

Train staff on HIPAA and FERPA reporting exemptions

Support a culture of caring for all employees



### Protective Measures in Context

Consider the following when evaluating physical security or other protective measures

- Employees and other personnel
- Facility characteristics
- First responder access
- The shooter's perspective











# Protection and Security

Active shooters often are insiders; measures meant to protect against external threats may not be effective.

Whatever protective measures you utilize, be sure to:

- Use them consistently
- Know how they work
- Understand roles/responsibilities
- Integrate them with polices and procedures





### Mitigating the Active Shooter Risk

There are three important elements to help reduce the negative impact of any disaster, including an active shooter incident:

- Assess risk
- Identify best practices
- Implement mitigation steps





### Effective Notification Message

#### **Immediate**

Rapid implementation

#### Receivable

At or away from work station

By persons who may have impairments

#### **Understandable**

Clear and concise

To persons who may not speak English

#### Credible

Delivered from trusted sender



### **Essential Courses of Actions**

Reporting

Notification

Evacuation

Shelter in place

Emergency responder coordination

Access control

Accountability

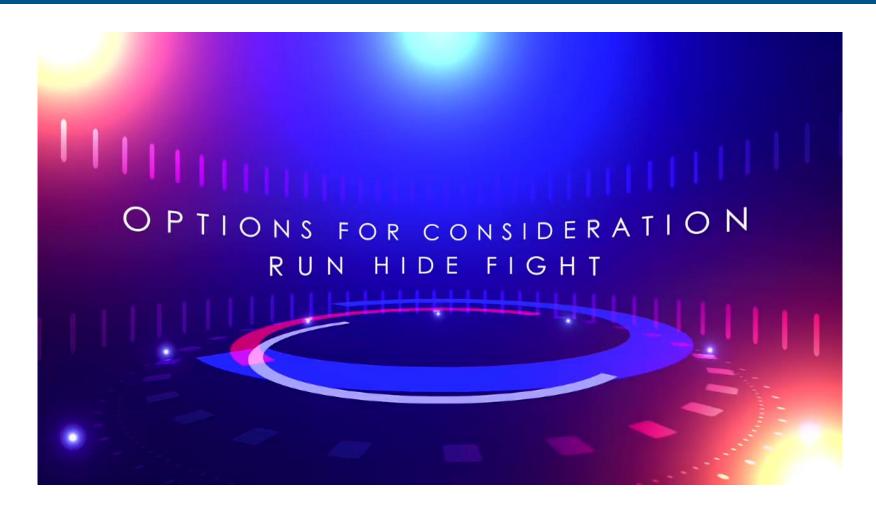
Communications management

Short-term recovery

Long-term recovery

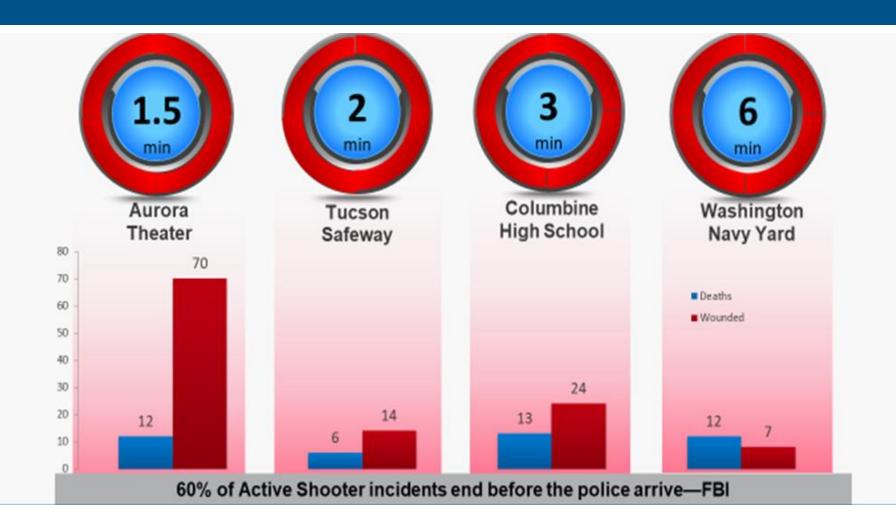


### **Options for Consideration**





# Incidents Response Times





### First Officers on the Scene

- Their only job once on the scene is to go directly to the threat and eliminate it
- Known as a Contact Team, FAST Team, and other designations; may be composed of multiple agencies





### Recovery

Short-Term

#### Address immediate needs

- Health and safety beyond immediate rescue
- Establish a hotline
- Immediate crisis support
- Re-unification with families, communities

Long-Term

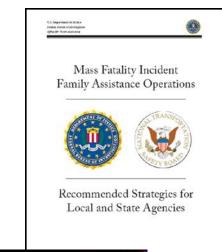


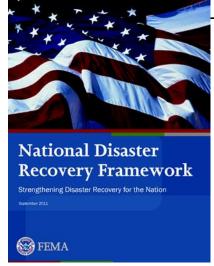
- Continues for months or years
- Provide grief counseling
- Resume operations
- Establish memorials
- Scam and fraud awareness
- Civil or criminal trials



### Recovery References

- Mass Fatality Incident Family Assistance Operations
- Active Shooter Healthcare Facility
   Emergency Operations
- Responding to Victims of Mass Crimes
- UCLA Responding to a Crisis at School
- "I Love U Guys" Foundation –
   Reunification
- National Disaster Recovery Framework







# Training Materials

#### **DHS** primary resources:

- Active Shooter How to Respond Book
- Break room poster
- Pocket emergency guides
- Options for Consideration Video

#### Independent study courses:

IS 906: Workplace Security Awareness

•IS 907: Active Shooter: What You Can Do

IS 914: Surveillance Awareness: What You Can Do

IS 915: Protecting Critical Infrastructure Against

**Insider Threat** 







# **Training Delivery**

#### Use a variety of training avenues:

- New employee orientation
- "All Hands" meetings
- Conferences and workshops
- Newsletters and internal broadcasts
- Online courses
- Include part-time employees and volunteers



# ACTIVE SHOOTER PREPAREDNESS WORKSHOP

For more information, visit: <a href="https://www.dhs.gov/active-shooter-preparedness">https://www.dhs.gov/active-shooter-preparedness</a>.

Contact the Active Shooter Program Manager: <u>ASworkshop@hq.dhs.gov</u>





# CISA CYBER+INFRASTRUCTURE